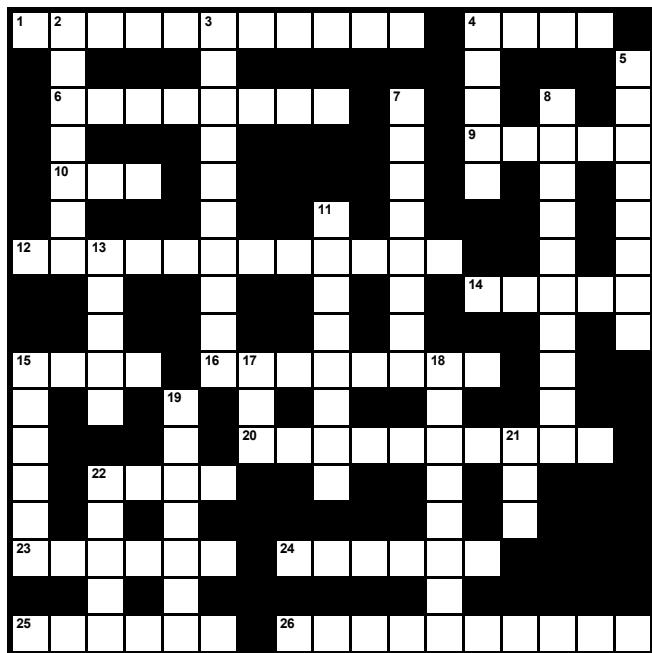


Environment Protection - 17 x 17 - 2



Across

- 1 Underground water that is held in the soil and in pervious rocks. (6,5)
- 4 A thin fog with condensation near the ground. (4)
- 6 Any agent that causes stress to an organism. (8)
- 9 A cloud of fine particles suspended in a gas. (5)
- 10 An insecticide that is also toxic to animals and humans; banned in the United States since 1972. (3)
- 12 The property of something that can be pervaded by a liquid (as by osmosis or diffusion). (12)
- 14 A compound in which the hydrogen atoms of a hydrocarbon have been replaced by bromine and other halogen atoms; very stable; used in fire extinguishers although it is thought to release bromine

that depletes the ozone layer. (5)

- 15 A small loosely aggregated mass of flocculent material suspended in or precipitated from a liquid. (4)
- 16 Discharge water (e.g. from industrial establishments) mixed with waste matter. (8)
- 20 Water that is unsafe to drink. (10)
- 22 Sedimentary materials composed of fine or intermediate-sized mineral particles. (4)
- 23 Waste matter carried away in sewers or drains. (6)
- 24 Rubbish carelessly dropped or left about (especially in public places). (6)
- 25 A natural flow of ground water. (6)
- 26 The state of being clean and conducive to health. (10)

Down

- 2 Matter that remains after something has been removed. (7)
- 3 Designed to be disposed of after use. (10)
- 4 Low-lying wet land with grassy vegetation; usually is a transition zone between land and water. (3)
- 5 Removal of mud from the bottom of water bodies. (8)
- 7 Any substance that evaporates readily. (8)
- 8 Fuel consisting of the remains of organisms preserved in rocks in the earth's crust with high carbon and hydrogen content. (6,4)
- 11 Having a pH greater than 7. (8)
- 13 A radioactive gaseous element formed by the disintegration of radium. (5)
- 15 A parasitic plant
- 17 Low-lying wet land with grassy vegetation; usually is a transition zone between land and water. (3)
- 18 Any substance that can be metabolized by an organism to give energy and build tissue. (8)
- 19 Any of five related nonmetallic elements (fluorine or chlorine or bromine or iodine or astatine) that are all monovalent and readily form negative ions. (7)
- 21 Wet spongy ground of decomposing vegetation. (3)
- 22 A waste pipe that carries away sewage or surface water. (5)

lacking chlorophyll, leaves, true stems and roots and reproducing by spores. (6)