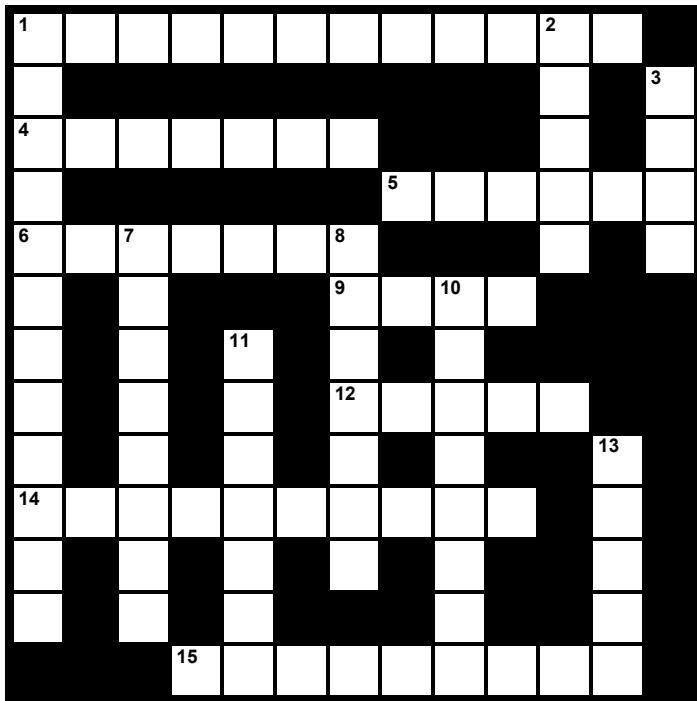


**Dentistry\_13x13\_2003-03-31**  
**B.B. Huria**



**Across**

- 1 The branch of dentistry dealing with diseases of the gums and other structures around the teeth. (12)
- 4 A prosthesis placed permanently in tissue. A crown, bridge or denture is then placed over the XXXXXX. (7)
- 5 Grinding tooth with a broad crown; located behind the premolars. (6)
- 6 An alloy of mercury with another metal (usually silver)

used by dentists to fill cavities in teeth. (7)

- 9 The upper or lower jaw. (4)
- 12 A filling consisting of a solid substance (as gold or porcelain) fitted to a cavity in a tooth and cemented into place. (5)
- 14 Having lost teeth. (10)
- 15 The branch of medicine dealing with the anatomy and development and diseases of the teeth. (9)

**Down**

- 1 The baby teeth. The baby teeth are replaced by the adult teeth (permanent teeth). (7,5)
- 2 The narrow chamber inside the root of the tooth that contains the nerve and blood vessels. (5)
- 3 Small elevation on the grinding surface of a tooth. (4)
- 7 Part of the bridge used to support the replacement of the missing teeth. (8)
- 8 The upper jawbone in vertebrates; it is fused to the cranium. (7)
- 10 An incrustation that forms on the teeth and gums. (8)
- 11 A dental appliance that artificially replaces missing teeth. (7)
- 13 Artificial restoration made of metal, porcelain or acrylic that replaces one or more of the highest points of the tooth (cusps). (5)