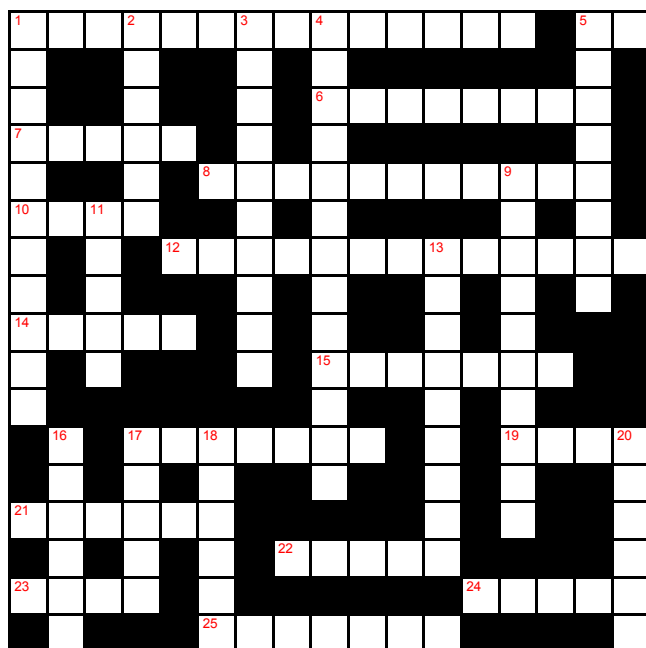


Occupational_Safety_and_Hazards_17x17_2008-10-18

B.B. Huria



Across

- 1 The pressure exerted by a vapour. (6,8)
- 5 A measure of the acidity or basicity. (2)
- 6 Which can evaporate (esp. at lower temperatures). (8)
- 7 Able to cause harmful health effects. (5)
- 8 Agents that can cause toxic effects on the nervous system. (11)
- 10 IDLH stands for Immediately Dangerous to ____ or Health. (4)
- 12 Agents which can put out fires involving the material. (13)
- 14 Having only a limited ability to react chemically; not active. (5)
- 15 pH = 6 - 8 (7)
- 17 FIFRA stands for ____ Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (U.S.). (7)
- 19 'I' in 'PSI' stands for _____. (4)
- 21 WHMIS stands for Workplace Hazardous Materials Information _____. (6)
- 22 Having or experiencing a rapid onset and short but severe course. (5)
- 23 Polymers tend to be ____ hazardous than the chemicals (monomers) from which they are made. (4)
- 24 The sensation that results when olfactory receptors in the nose are stimulated by particular chemicals in gaseous form. (5)

- 25 Weight for a given volume. (7)

Down

- 1 A mechanical system in a building that provides fresh air. (11)
- 2 ILO stands for International Labour _____. (6)
- 3 EPA stands for the U.S. Environmental ____ Agency. (10)
- 4 CERCLA stands for Comprehensive ____ Response, Compensation and Liability Act (U.S.). (13)
- 5 'P' in 'PSI' stands for _____. (8)
- 9 ____ of aerosols is a common route of exposure to many chemicals. (10)
- 11 Very small, airborne, solid particles formed by the cooling of a hot vapour. (5)
- 13 ANSI stands for the American National Standards _____. (9)
- 16 'O' in 'BOD' stands for _____. (6)
- 17 Organism in the later stages of development prior to birth. (5)
- 18 'D' in 'BOD' stands for _____. (6)
- 20 In general, a hazardous material with a higher evaporation rate presents a greater ____ than a similar compound with a lower evaporation rate. (6)