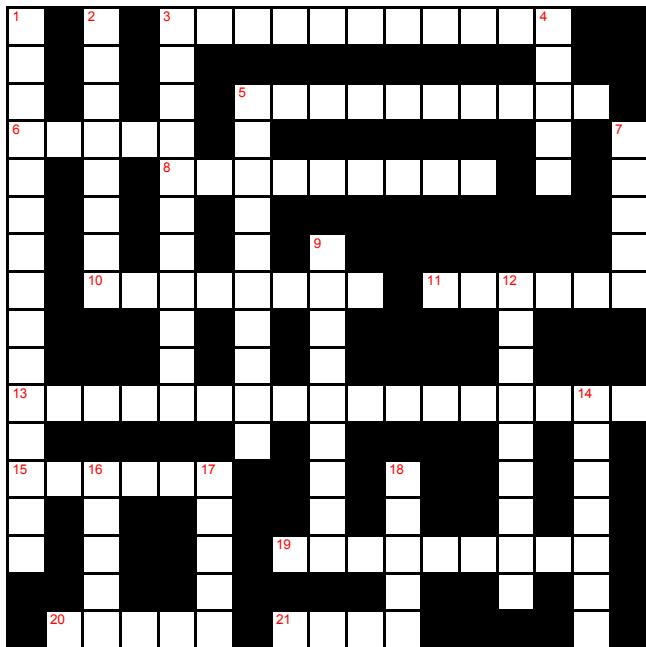


Oceanography _ 17x17 _ 2008-10-18

B.B. Huria



Across

3 Of or relating to organisms (as green plants) that can make complex organic nutritive compounds from simple inorganic sources by photosynthesis. (11)

5 A light-emitting organ; especially one of the luminous spots on certain marine (mostly deep-sea) fishes. (10)

6 A juvenile form of animal with indirect development, undergoing metamorphosis (for example, insects or amphibians). (5)

8 Terrestrial or aquatic flesh-eating mammal. (9)

10 Any loose material, especially decomposed, broken, and dead organic materials. (8)

11 Microscopic unicellular marine or freshwater colonial alga having cell walls impregnated with silica. (6)

13 Depth at which net oxygen production is zero (12,5)

15 The aggregate of actively swimming animals in a body of water ranging from microscopic organisms to whales. (6)

19 Semi-transparent, bell-shaped pelagic organism, often with long tentacles bearing stinging cells. (9)

20 Primitive chlorophyll-

containing mainly aquatic eukaryotic organisms lacking true stems and roots and leaves. (5)

21 Large brown seaweeds having fluted leathery fronds. (4)

Down

1 Luminescence produced by physiological processes (as in the firefly). (15)

2 Pelagic snail whose foot is modified for swimming. (8)

3 Cultivation of aquatic organisms under controlled conditions. (11)

4 Marine colonial polyp characterized by a calcareous skeleton. (5)

5 The relation between two different kinds of

organisms in which one receives benefits from the other by causing damage to it (usually not fatal damage). (10)

7 The period of greatest productivity of phytoplankton. (5)

9 Any stratum lying underneath another. (9)

12 Living or functioning in the absence of oxygen. (9)

14 Of or relating to nutrition. (7)

16 Shrimp-like planktonic crustaceans. (5)

17 The status of an organism within its environment and community (affecting its survival as a species). (5)

18 One of two forms that coelenterates take e.g. a hydra or coral. (5)