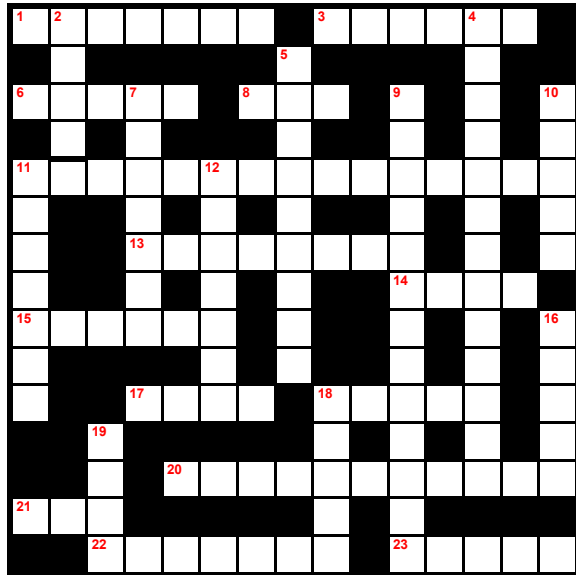


# Oil\_Exploration\_15x15\_2006-10-17

B.B. Huria



## Across

- 1 Unexploited natural resource. (7)
- 3 Any sort of imperfection. (6)
- 6 Of very poor quality. (5)
- 8 A fluid substance that completely fills any container in which it is confined and whose volume is dependent on the size of and pressure exerted upon the container. (3)
- 11 The rate of rotation. (7,8)
- 13 The particle size to which a cement clinker is ground. (8)
- 14 Certainly not a loot; but just reverse of it. (4)
- 15 42 U.S. gallons or 5.61458 cubic feet. (6)

- 17 A name given to any item lost in a wellbore. (4)
- 18 The highest point of a given stratum in any vertical section of a fold. (5)
- 20 To cover pipe with bituminous, or similar material, and textiles for protection against corrosion. (4,3,4)
- 21 The capital invested by private individuals or groups from one country in the business of another country. Joint ventures are also considered \_\_\_\_s. (3)
- 22 A structure placed over an oil well that is used to raise and lower piping, drills, and other boring equipment. (7)
- 23 To sharpen or repair items of equipment in order to make them ready for reuse; e.g.,

drill bits; tools; sucker rod pumps. (5)

## Down

- 2 Returned signal. (4)
- 4 A tester having a stirring apparatus to measure the thickening time of cement slurries under predetermined temperatures and pressures. (13)
- 5 To coat a metal with zinc. (9)
- 7 An underground bed or stratum of earth, gravel, or porous rock that contains water. (7)
- 9 Male and female threads do not match. (13)
- 10 Equipment used to remove water/condensation from air/gas lines. (5)
- 11 The condition associated with the

presence of free oxygen in an environment; living, active, or occurring only in the presence of oxygen. (7)

- 12 The space between the casing and the wall of the borehole. (7)
- 16 Time dependent increase in strain during a state of constant stress. (5)
- 18 A stress induced separation of the metal which, without any other influence, is insufficient in extent to cause complete rupture of the material. (5)
- 19 Any chemical compound containing hydrogen capable of being replaced by positive elements or radicals to form salts. (4)